Lao Tzu's Poetic, Philosophical Treatise

Tao Te Ching

Volume 1 of 14 – Chapters 1-6 Translated by Stephen Mitchell,

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Page **2** of **71**

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

Contents

Chapter 1pg.	3
Chapter 2pg.	16
Chapter 3pg.	29
Chapter 4pg.	40
Chapter 5pg.	46
Chapter 6pg.	59

Page **3** of **71**

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

Tao Te Ching chapter **One**

(1: 1) The tao that can be told is NOT the eternal Tao.

Page **4** of **71**

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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
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(1:2) The name that can be named is NOT the eternal Name.

Can NOT be named

Convention dictates that a book about the Tao, would begin with a definition of the Tao, but Lao Tzu seems to have something else in mind!

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Page 6 of 71
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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
(1: 3)
The UN-nameable
is the eternally real.
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(1: 4)
Naming
is the origin
of all
particular things.
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The UN-nameable

A dichotomy is set between the UN-namable and the nameable, as well as between the eternally real and particular things.

On a visceral level, the "eternally real" could sound much cooler than merely "particular things," couldn't it?

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Page 8 of 71
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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
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(1:5)

Free from desire you realize the mystery.

(1:6) Caught in desire you see <u>only</u> the manifestations.

Free from Desire

Again a dichotomy is drawn; this time between freedom from desire, and captivity to desire,

as well as between realizing the mystery versus seeing only superficial appearances.

At this point the first level of inference is that it is better to plumb the depth of a mystery rather than skate along the surface of mere appearances, like a dog skittering across the kitchen floor.

The second level infers that it is better to be free from the tyranny of our desires than to be subservient to them.

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Page 10 of 71
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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
(1: 7)
Yet mystery
and manifestations
arise
from the <u>same</u> source.
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(1: 8) This source is called darkness.

Arise from the Same Source

Ah ha! Just when we thought this was going to be a predictable diatribe condemning the tyranny of greed, hate and confusion...

Lao Tzu zigs when it looked like he was going to zag.

Page **12** of **71**

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

Instead of perpetuating the dichotomy between superior and inferior as well as reward and consequences,

he unifies the two by exploring their shared source... darkness.

What could that mean? Let's read on.

Page **13** of **71**

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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
(1:9)
Darkness
within darkness
the gateway
to all understanding.
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Darkness within Darkness

In the west we think of darkness as being evil, in China darkness was often thought of as Yin, the feminine archetype.

Ignorance could be the overlapping Venn diagram shared by both the East and West.

Lao Tzu begins his eighty-one chapter opus magus by inferring that it is only by learning how to be comfortable and acquiescent to our ignorance that we could transcend it.

And it is to the exploration of this paradox that the remainder of his Book of the Beneficial Way is addressed.

Page **16** of **71**

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

Tao Te Ching chapter **Two**

(2: 1) When people see some things as beautiful...

other things become ugly.

Page **17** of **71**

When some people see

Thus begins our study of inter-dependence.

Page **18** of **71**

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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
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(2: 2) When people see some things as good...

other things become bad.

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Page 19 of 71
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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
(2: 3)
Being and non-being
create each other.
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(2: 4) Difficult and easy <u>support</u> each other.

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Page 20 of 71
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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
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(2:5)

Long and short <u>define</u> each other.

(2: 6) High and low <u>depend</u> on each other.

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Page 21 of 71
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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) (2: 7) Before and after follow each other.

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) (2: 8) Therefore

the sage acts without doing anything...

and teaches without saying anything.

Page 23 of 71

Therefore the Sage

What is the relationship between inter-dependence and simply letting things take their course?

Superficially, it could appear that this second section is contradicting the inter-dependence of the first section...

perhaps the next section of this chapter could clear things up.

Page **24** of **71**

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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
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(2:9)

Things arise and she lets them come...

things disappear and she let's them go.

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) (2: 10) She has but does NOT possess...

Page 25 of 71

acts but does NOT expect.

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) (2: 11) When her work is done

she forgets it...

that is why it lasts forever.

She Let's them Go

This is what latter chapters refer to as "Simplicity" and what some explain as the simplicity of Centered spontaneity.

It is part of a larger set known as "The Three Treasures." Yes, applying the **simplicity** of centered spontaneity requires **patience**...

but it's <u>results</u> are profoundly effective and, as such, are the most **compassionate** means of meeting the needs of others.

Page **28** of **71**

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

How is simplicity reconciled with inter-dependence?

The best way to compassionately make use of our inter-relation with others is NOT through scattered or contrived action...

BUT through that which flows from our mastery of centered spontaneity. The latter's cultivation is explained in the fifteenth chapter

of Lao Tzu – the Sage's book of the beneficial way, the <u>Tao Te Ching</u>.

Page **29** of **71**

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

Tao Te Ching chapter **Three**

(3: 1) If you over esteem great men the people become powerless.

Page **30** of **71**

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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
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(3:2)

If you over value possessions the people begin to steal.

Over Esteeming and Over Valuing

Both over esteeming individuals and over valuing objects are distinctly un-centered, and quite forward leaning.

Page **32** of **71**

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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
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(3:3)

The sage leads by <u>empting</u> peoples' minds...

and filling their cores...

Page **33** of **71**

by <u>weakening</u> their ambition and toughening their resolve.

Page 34 of 71

The Sage Leads

The Tao inside us can be called the Te.

The lesser Te is in the Head (pre frontal Cortex)...

and the greater Te is in our belly (the seat of intuition).

The Sage helps folks get out of their heads, into their genius...

and transition from petty superficial goals to truly empowered centered spontaneity...

that is free of: agenda, intention, hope and hate.

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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
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(3: 4)

He helps people <u>lose</u> everything they know, everything they desire...

and creates confusion in those who think that they know.

Page **37** of **71**

Helps People Lose

A true teacher frees his students from the tyranny of preconceptions' rigidity...

as well as chaos and contrivance...

and helps them to master Yin's circuitous path of non-conceptuality, vulnerability, awareness, acquiescence...

compassion, patience, and the centered spontaneity of simplicity; which is why we are then reminded to...

Page **38** of **71**

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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
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(3:5)

Practice NOT doing and everything will fall into place.

Practice NOT-doing

Lao Tzu – the Sage's Tao Te Ching (the Book of the Beneficial Way) is arguably a guide on the path...

from servitude to yang to the mastery of yin.

Yang's path has two extremes. On one hand we have the scatteredness of the unstable...

and on the other hand we have the contrivance of the control freak.

Page 40 of 71

Yin's antidote to scatteredness is centeredness, and it's antidote to contrivance is spontaneity.

When we practice, no less master, simplicity's centered spontaneity...

we will no longer flail about incompetently and miserably striving to make things happen...

but instead we'll let things happen in the most wonderful way.

Page **41** of **71**

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

Tao Te Ching chapter **Four**

(4: 1) The Tao is like a well...

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) used, but never used up.

Used but never Used Up

Consider the yang – yin dichotomy between fear and empathy.

When we are slaves to fear we see scarcity everywhere and our thoughts and behavior become characterized by cruelty and competition.

When we have mastered empathy we experience infinite opportunities and become defined by compassion and cooperation.

Page 44 of 71

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

The Tao system of habituating the circuitous yielding of centered spontaneity is NOT finite, like the number of medjool dates in a bag,

BUT an infinite, optimized potential that every being who's brain is equipped with the equivalent of an R-complex, a limbic system and a neo-cortex could tap into.

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) (4: 2) It is like the eternal **void**...

Page 45 of 71

filled with infinite possibilities.

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) (4: 3) It is hidden but always present.

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Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)
(4: 4)
I do NOT know
who gave birth to it.
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(4: 5) It is older than God.

Older than God

Here Lao Tzu uses humor to dispel the myth that "Tao" is a synonym for "God."

Think of it as merely a system for living, and loving, with greater wisdom, simplicity, patience and peace.

Page **49** of **71**

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

Tao Te Ching chapter **Five**

(5: 1) The Tao does NOT take sides...

it gives birth to both good and evil.

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) (5: 2) The sage does NOT take sides...

she welcomes both saints and sinners.

Page **51** of **71**

Not Taking Sides

Lets imagine two adolescents playing tug of war at a picnic in the park.

Each contestant not only grips the rope with white-knuckle-intensity,

but has also lowered their center of gravity that they may better "dig in" to the earth...

with their feet to maximize their leverage while their brows furrow with intense resolve.

Page 52 of 71

Now let's imagine a new born spider, who's single thread of web...

has carried it aloft in the breeze, destination unknown.

When we have mastered the beneficial way of yielding, and centered spontaneity...

we'll be less like the combatants and more like the spider...

carried aloft by time and circumstance, liberated from intention and agenda...

and free in our compassionate wisdom of centered spontaneity,

neither praising nor condemning, neither plotting nor planning, spontaneously compassionate to all.

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) (5: 3) The Tao is like a bellows...

it is <u>empty</u> yet infinitely capable.

Empty yet infinitely capable

We become Sages of the Tao by cultivating the habit of letting go...

of all agenda, intention, hope as well as fear

and relaxing into the playful, loving, contentment of centered spontaneity.

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) (5: 4) The more you **use** it the more it produces...

Numerous failures

Let us recall the childhood adventure of learning how to ride a bike. Who of us rode the bike successfully the first time we touched foot to peddle?

None! None of us. Our journey was paved with spills, abrasions, pain, frustration and tears.

That path led through contrived competence, where our shaky and unstable rides were fueled by great effort and concentration,

to spontaneous mastery where we were able to ride spontaneously, habitually, easily and effectively.

How ironic that each of us carries the unreasonable expectation of mastering a new skill effortlessly and immediately.

The same holds true of our efforts to make a habit of relaxing into the acquiescence of centered spontaneity.

Come, let us try often, and fail often for numerous failures are the price we pay for mastery.

Page **59** of **71**

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

the more you **talk** of it the less you understand.

The more you talk of it

I am reminded of the adage,

"It is a mistake to confuse the discussion of meditation with the practice of meditation."

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) (5: 5) Hold on to the center.

Page **61** of **71**

Hold on to the Center

We each are born with the tendencies to push away from perceived pain and pull towards anticipated pleasure.

It is folly to try to eradicate the mere presence of this impulse.

So the inference is "if we must cling to something, cling to the center, for <u>centeredness could be the **antidote** to scatteredness</u>."

Page **63** of **71**

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

Tao Te Ching chapter **Six**

(6: 1) The Tao is called the Great Mother.

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) (6: 2) Empty yet inexhaustible...

it gives birth to infinite worlds.

Page **65** of **71**

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

Empty yet Inexhaustible

Performance coaches world wide laud the flow state.

The Tao is a system whereby we not only enter the flow state but habituate it until it becomes our default mode.

What is this flow state empty of? It is utterly lacking: scatteredness, agenda, greed, hate, and rigidity.

Although the Tao is lacking in those things it is an inexhaustible resource because it is NOT an entity, an energy or a commodity,

BUT rather a system for mastering: the passive, vulnerable, non-conceptual flow of centered spontaneity.

It Gives Birth

Savor the choice of words: "...called 'the Great Mother'..." and "...it gives birth to infinite worlds."

In a world dominated by yang's patriarchal energy how refreshing it is to see the Tao correctly attributed to matriarchy.

Page 68 of 71

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6)

Neither matter nor energy scheme nor strive yet they effortlessly manifest as: worlds, stars, galaxies and the very universe.

This Tao system of vulnerable, passive, non-analytical yielding is how all these things came to be or were born, if we prefer the metaphor.

Commentary – to Volume 1 (chapters 1-6) (6: 3) It is always present within you.

(6: 4) You can use it any way you want.

Page 70 of 71

Any Way you Want

We can choose:

competition or cooperation, cruelty or compassion, rigidity or flexibility, controlling or allowing...

elitism or egalitarianism, patriarchy or matriarchy, the clinging to certitude or comfort with ambiguity, scatteredness or centeredness,

contrivance or spontaneity, aggression or acquiescence, fear or empathy, yang or yin...

Page **71** of **71**

Remember the energy-worker's adage: "Matter is led by energy, energy is led by intention, and intention is led by words."

Which words come readily to mind? "It is extremely important to make the most of these freedoms and opportunities.

> Remembering this may my mind ever notice relax and flow"